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## Application of Indane-derived C2-Symmetric Bis(oxazolines) in Two-point Binding Asymmetric Diels-Alder Reactions

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Summary: Bis(oxazolines) 1 - 5 were examined in copper(II)-catalyzed asymmetric Diels-Alder reactions of acrylimide 6 and cyclopentadiene. Highly enantioselective reactions were attained with ligand 1 (up to 95% e.e.) as well as good endo selectivity (39:1) in the Cu(SbF6)2-catalyzed process.

Chiral 2,2'-bis(oxazoline)alkanes and 2-oxazolines have recently been used as ligands in a wide range of transition-metal catalyzed processes.<sup>1</sup> We recently reported<sup>2</sup> a novel approach for the construction of indane-derived C<sub>2</sub>-symmetric bis(oxazolines) 1-5 by expanding upon the Ritter-type reaction<sup>3</sup> developed for the synthesis of the orally active HIV protease inhibitor *Indinavir*.<sup>4</sup>

In this paper, we wish to describe our preliminary results using these ligands in asymmetric Diels-Alder reactions. As our model reaction, we chose to use the reaction of the two-point binding dienophile 6 in a copper(II)-catalyzed reaction with cyclopentadiene (Scheme). Evans has extensively studied this reaction using copper(II) catalysts and demonstrated that the bis(oxazoline) 8 derived from tert-leucinol gave extremely high levels of stereocontrol (97% e.e.; 96% d.e.; - 78 °C). However, the ligand 9 derived from phenylglycinol gives low levels of selectivity (30% e.e.; - 50 °C). We were intrigued to see how these new indane-derived ligands would perform in the Diels-Alder reaction since we have recently shown that indane-derived chiral auxiliaries allow for excellent stereocontrol in the Diels-Alder reaction.

Scheme
To compare the selectivity of the ligands 1-5, we chose to investigate the reaction at - 50 °C. The diastero- and enantioselectivity were determined by Supercritical Fluid Chromatography (SFC) and the results are displayed in the Table. It was gratifying to note that, in contrast to the phenylglycinol derived ligand 9, the conformationally constrained indane-derived ligand 1 gave enhanced levels of selectivity. Furthermore, by performing the reaction at -65 °C the reaction proceeded with 92% e.e. and endo/exo selectivity of 130:1. Ligands 2 and 3 with larger bite size and greater flexibility gave disappointing results as did the 1,3-dibenzo ligand 5. The 1,2-benzo ligand 4, which is more rigid, behaved quite differently. Surprisingly, the endo adduct R-7 was obtained in 73% e.e. which is the opposite sense of induction observed with ligands 1 and 8.

During the course of this work, Evans published an improved procedure utilizing innocent counter ions which resulted in much higher turnover numbers. Similar results were obtained with ligand 1 in the Cu(SbF6)2 system—92% e.e. at -65 °C. At -75 °C the adduct S-7 was obtained in 92% yield with 95% e.e. and endo/exo selectivity of 39:1 (10 mol%, 3 h). The latter result is particularly significant since the Cu(SbF6)2 catalyst generally gives rise to diminished diastereoselectivity.

entry	ligand	% e.e.ª	endo: exoª
1	Me Me o N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	82 (S) 92 (S) <sup>b</sup>	50: 1 130:1 <sup>b</sup>
2	2 O N N.	13 (R)	8: 1
3	3 O N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	6 (R)	29: 1
4		73 (R)	22: 1
5	5 N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	41 (S)	12: 1

**Table:** Reaction of acrylimide 6 and cyclopentadiene with 10 mol% Cu(OTf)<sub>2</sub> and 11 mol% ligand at -50 °C in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>. a) Determined by SFC (300 bar, 1ml/min, 12% modifier (3% MeOH in hexane) on a HP G1205A instrument using a Chiracel OD-H column. R<sub>2</sub>:endo S 24.65, R 32.99: exo R 28.19, S 26.99. The sense of induction is based on correlation with the 4S-tert-butyl ligand 8.5 b) Run at -65 °C.

In summary, we have described the use of indane-derived bis(oxazolines) in asymmetric Diels-Alder reactions and demonstrated that highly selective reactions occur in the presence of the ligand 1. Not only does this ligand provide high levels of enantioselectivity but it also retains high levels of diastereo-control in the copper(II)-hexafluoroantimonate catalyzed Diels-Alder reaction.

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